# Precision Pressure Regulator

# Series PER 2000,3000

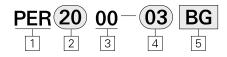


Model	Port size(PT)	Set Pressure Ranges kgf/cm²	PSIG	Accessories
PER2000	1/8, 1/4	0.1~1.7	2-25	
PER2010		0.1~4.1	2-60	Pressure
PER2020		0.1~8.3	2-120	Gauge
PER2030		0.1~8.3	2-120	
PER3000		0.1~2.1	0-30	Pressure
PER3010	1/4, 3/8	0.1~4.1	1-60	Gauge,
PER3020		0.1~10.3	2-150	Bracket

## Symbol



# How to Order



#### 1 Precision Pressure Regulator

## 2 Body Size

**20**: 1/8, 1/4 **30**: 1/4, 3/8

#### 3 Set Pressure Ranges(kgf/cm²)(PSI)

Model	PER2000	PER3000	Note
00	0.1~1.7(1.42~24.18)	0.1~2.1(0~29.86)	
10	0.1~4.1(1.42~58.3)	0.1~4.1(1.42~58.3)	
20	0.1~8.3(1.42~118.0)	0.1~10.3(1.42~678.3)	
30	0.1~8.3(1.42~118.0)	1	High emission EXHR

## 4 Port Size

01 : Rc(PT)1/8 02 : Rc(PT)1/4 03 : Rc(PT)3/8

\* RER2000 Port Size: 1/8, 1/4 \* RER3000 Port Size: 1/4, 3/8

## 5 Attachment

B: Bracket mounting

G: Pressure Gauge

\* For PER 2000 Series Bracket, Inguire Separately.

## **Specifications**

Туре	PER2000	PER3000
Port Size Rc(PT)	1/8	1/4
	1/4	3/8
Proof Pressure	Please refer to the table	of model Specifications
Max. Operating Pressure	Please refer to the table	of model Specifications
Amibient and Fluid Temperature · °C(°F)	5~60℃(4	1~140°F)
Set Pressure Ranges(kgf/cm²(psi))	0.1~8.3kgf/cm² (1.42~118.0psi)	0~1.03kgf/cm²(1.42~146.5psi)
Structure	Relief	Туре
Gauge Port Size	1/4 NPT	



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# Model Specifications

Model	PER 2000	PER 2000 EXHR	PER 3000-02	PER 3000-03
Sensitivity	1/8" (3,2mm) Water Column	1/8" (3,2mm) Water Column	1/4" (6,4mm) Water Column	1/8" (3,2mm) Water Column
Flow Capacity	14CFM/396LPM	14CFM/396LPM	40,50 or 80SCFM(1113,1416,2266LPM)	50SCFM(1416LPM)
Effect of supply Pressure Variation(25psig) on Outlet Pressure	0.005psig/0.3mBAR per 25psig/1.7BAR Change	0,005psig/0,3mBAR per 25psig/1,7BAR Change	(0,025psig(1,7BAR)	_
Exhaust Capacity(5psig above 20psig set point)	25scfm/56LPM	15scfm/424LPM	4SCFM(113LPM)	-
Maximun Input / Supply Pressure	150psig/10_3BAR	150psig/10_3BAR	250psig(17_2BAR)	250psig(17,2BAR)
Effect of Changes in Flow on Regulated Pressure	2,5psig 10,01BAR	2,5psig 10,01BAR	2,5psig(0,2BAR) over flow, 50SCFM(1416LPM)/(3/8NPT,	_
(100psig / 6,9 BAR Supply)	per 10scfm/283LPM	per 10scfm/283LPM	0-30psig/0-2_1BAR ronge,15psig/1BAR set point)	_
Output Pressure Ranges	2-25, 2-60, 2-120psig	2-120psig	0-2psig, 0-10psig, 0-30psig, 1-60psig, 2-150psig, 3-200psig,	
	0,14-1,7, 0,14-4,1, 0,14-8,3BAR	0.14-8.3BAR	0-0.1BAR, 0-0.7BAR, 0-2.1BAR, 0,1-4.1BAR, 0,1-10.3BAR, 0,2-13.8BAR	_
Set Point Ranges			-	0-2psig, 0-10psig, 0-30psig, 0-60psig, 0-150psig, 0-0,1BAR, 0-0,78BAR, 0-2,1BAR, 0-4,1BAR, 0-10,3BAR
Total Air Consumption @ Maximum Output			from 1,0 to 12,5SCFH(0,5-6LPM)	_
Temperature Range(°F(°C))	-20 to 160° F (-29 to 70°c)	-20 to 160° F (-29 to 71°c)	-40° to 200° F(-40 to 93°c)	-40° to 200° F(-40 to 93°c)
Port Size	1/8", 1/4", 3/8"	1/8", 1/4", 3/8"	1/4", 3/8", 1/2" BSPT	1/4", 3/8", 1/2" BSPT
Size			3,0" ×3,0" ×6,0" (76×76×152mm)	3,0" ×3,0" ×6,0" (76×76×152mm)
Weight	1,47 t b(0,67kg)	1,47 t b(0,67kg)	1,41 / b(0,6kg)	1,51 t b(0,6kg)
	Body : Diecast aluminum with vinyl paint			
	Adjusting Screw : Plated steel			
	Trim : Acetal, brass, plated steel, nitrile			
Materials of Construction	Diaphragm: Buna-N with polyester fabric			

Knob : Phenolic plastic Spring : Music Wire

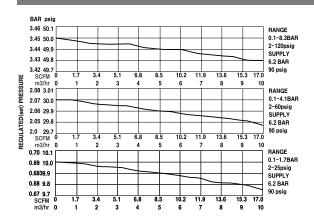
Pipe, Panel

Yes

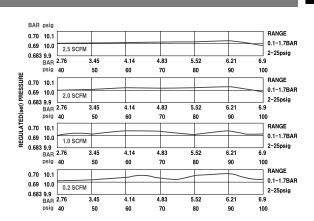
# PER2000

Preset Pressure

Tamper Resistant Cover



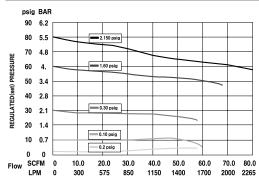
Effect of Changes in Flow on Regulated Pressure



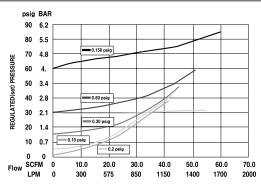
Pipe, Panel, or bracket

Effect of Upstream Pressure Variations on Regulated Pressure

# PER3000



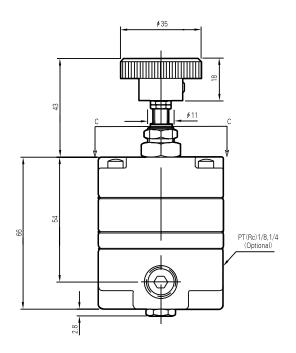
Regulated Pressure VS · FLOW

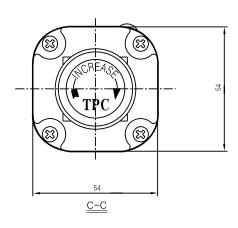


Regulated Pressure VS · FLOW

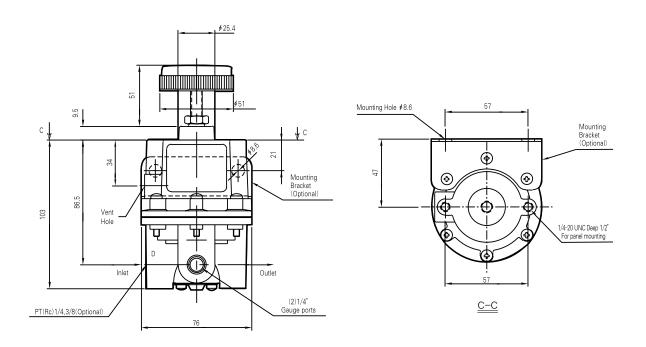


Series PER 2000 (Unit:mm)





Series PER3000 (Unit:mm



# Warning

Make sure to check the following Instruction prior to use. Make sure to check common precautions on the products mentioned in this catalog, and refer to main text for precautions on every series.

# Air Supply

# Warning

 In event that condensate is not emptied in the drain bowl on a regular basis, it is needed to over-flow the bowl and allow the condensate to enter the compressed air lines. In event that it is difficult to check and remove, it is needed to check that a drain bowl with the auto-drain option be installed.

## Caution

- In event that the supply pressure line is provided with drainage or dirt, etc., the liked throttle could get clogged resulting in malfunction. In addition to an air filter, it is needed to be sure to use a mist separator.
- The use of a lubricator on the supply side of the regulator should be avoided, because the fixed throttle could become clogged and lead to malfunction, In event that it is needed to provide lubrication for terminal devices, be sure to connect a lubricator on the output side of the regulator.

# Maintenance

#### Warning

#### Regulator

It is needed to set up the regulator while the pressure indicated on the supply is and the secondary pressure gauges are being verified. By turning the handle excessively, the internal parts could be damaged. It is needed to set the pressure gauge provided with the product between 0.02 to 0.2MPa based on the 0.2MPa type. In an attempt to prevail damage to the pressure gauge, it is needed to be sure to check that a pressure in excess of 0.2Mpa is not applied.

#### Shut-down before maintenance

It is needed to make sure the supply pressure is shut off and all residual air pressure is released from the system to be worked on prior to attempting any kind oil maintenance

#### • Start-up after maintenance

It is needed to apply operating pressure and power to the equipment and check for proper operation and possible air leaks. Be sure to verify product set-up parameters when operation is abnormal.

- Any modification to the product should be avoided.
- Taking the product apart should be avoided.
  - Malfunction could occur to product and damage to equipment and machine could occur when not following proper procedures.
- It is needed to examine regularly so as to find cracks, scratches and other sorts of degradation of air filter, standard resin bowl of lubricator and sightdome of lubricator.

#### Caution

#### Regulator

When the pressure adjustment handle is turned clockwise, the secondary pressure could increase, and when turning it counterclockwise, the pressure (To set the pressure, do so in the direction of pressure increase.) could decrease. It is needed to be sure to the supply pressure before setting the pressure.

It is preferred to set the range for selling the secondary pressure in  $\leq$ 85% of the supply pressure.

#### **Piping**

### Warning

• It is needed to use recommended torques so as to screw in piping materials. Less fastening torque could cause looseness and seal malfunction, and over fastening torque could damage threads. In event that fastened without being held on the female—thread side, over force could damage piping bracket.

#### Caution

- The use of a precision regulator outside the range of its specifications should be avoided as this can cause failure, (see to specifications.)
- It is needed to make connections while confirming port indications during mounting.

#### Recommended proper Torque.

Connecting thread	Torque kgf·cm(N·m)
M5	15~20(213.3~284.4)
Rc(PT) 1/8	70~90(995.4~1279.8)
Rc(PT) 1/4	120~140(1706.4~1990.8)
Rc(PT) 3/8	220~240(3125.4~3412.8)
Rc(PT) 1/2	280~300(3981.6~4266)
Rc(PT) 3/4	280~300(3981,6~4266)
Rc(PT) 1	360~380(5119.2~5403.6)

- It is needed to act no twisting, bending moments other than the equipment's own weight.
  - It is needed to hold external piping separately so as to prevent damaged.
- In event that a directional switching valve(solenoid valve, mechanical valve, etc.) is provided on the supply side of the regulator and repeatedly switched ON and OFF, it may be accelerated due to wear of the nozzle/flapper section and a discrepancy in the setting value may occur. Thus, it is needed to avoid using a directional switching valve on the supply side. If directional switching valve is used, it is preferred to install it on the output side of the regulator
- Though the bleed port (the hole on the side of the body's midsection), air is normally discharged. Air is necessarily consumed based on the construction of the precision regulator, which is not an abnormality.
- It is needed to make sure to tighten the lock-nut after pressure adjustment.

## **Environment**

#### Warning

- The use in atmospheres in which the valve is in direct contact with corrosive gases, chemicals, salt water or steam should be avoided,
- The use in an explosive atmosphere should be avoided.
- The use in a place subjected to heavy vibration and/or shock should be avoided. It is needed to check the specifications for each series.
- Be sure to check that the valve should not be exposed to prolonged sun light. Use a protective cover.
- It is needed to remove emissive heat,
- In event that is used in an atmosphere in which there is possible contact with water drop-lets, oil, weld spatter, etc., it is needed to take suitable protection measures.
- In event that the valve is used in the dusty ambient or the noise produced at the valve switching is unendurable, it is needed to provide and install a silencer etc. in R port so as to prevent dust from entering or reduce the noise.

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